

ANNUAL REPORT

MONTANA DEPARTMENT OF LIVESTOCK

Montana Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory

Mission Statement

To serve the State of Montana by providing high quality, accurate, financially accessible and timely veterinary diagnostic testing, results and consultation; to assist state animal health officials in the diagnosis, control, and prevention of animal disease; and to contribute to state and national efforts to protect both animal and public health.

FISCAL YEAR
July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018

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Director's Statement

The 2018 fiscal year was a period of transition, but also one of growth and opportunity. Our long serving Lab Director, Dr. Bill Layton, retired at the beginning of the fiscal year. Several other staff members retired during the year as well, necessitating the addition of new personnel. While the turnover in staff presented challenges, these changes forced us to evaluate new options and opportunities and resulted in a markedly strengthened cross -training program to ensure maintenance of laboratory services. In addition, we were able to take advantage of multiple open positions to initiate some restructuring of the laboratory and create new positions in the areas of most significant need.

We continue to strive to be at the cutting edge of laboratory and client service technology, and have recently developed multiple advancements in our Laboratory Information Management (LIM) System and client web portal, which will greatly enhance the client experience. I am excited to complete the final stages of testing, roll these new features out for our clients, and to hear the feedback.

This report contains a summary of test data from all sections of the Montana Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory with the exception of the Montana Milk Laboratory, which is also housed within our facility.

We look forward to continuing to provide the highest quality diagnostic test services for disease diagnosis and surveillance in our great state in 2019 and beyond!

Sincerely,

Steve Smith, DVM, DACVP

Interim Director and Veterinary Pathologist

Montana Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory

DIAGNOSTIC LAB STAFF

Administration and Pathology

Steve Smith, DVM, DACVP

Veterinary Pathologist;

Interim Director

Jeff Marshall, BVSc, PhD

Veterinary Pathologist

Administrative Support

Tess Moore

Quality Manager

Cathy Ortega

Front Office

Michelle McReynolds

Front Office

Lauren Larios

Pathology / Administrative Assistant

Microbiology

Jessica Rogers

Technician

Kaylee Krantz

Technician

Diana Florian-Ospina

Biological Laboratory Aide

Molecular Diagnostics

June Pounder, PhD

Technician

Clinical Pathology

Cecilia Esparza

Clinical Laboratory Technologist

Katie Breen

Technician

Serology

Antonio Fuentes Sanchez

Technician

Virology

Sarah Horak

Technician

Bryan Tegner Jacobson

Technician

Histology

Dan Zou, PhD

Technician

Milk Laboratory

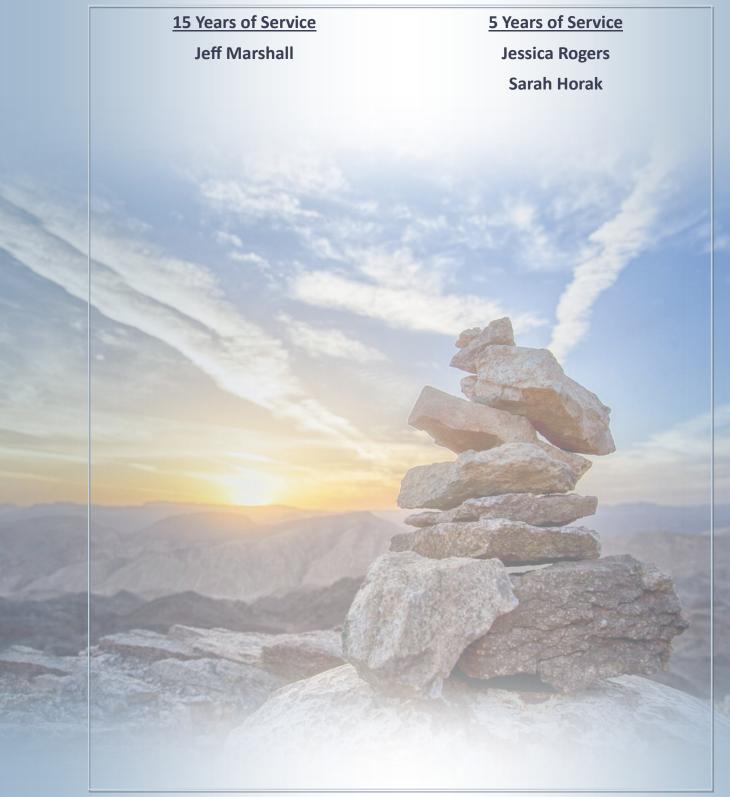
Julie Armstrong

Technician

Erin Burns

Technician

STAFF SERVICE MILESTONES



BUDGET AND FUNDING

MVDL is funded by multiple sources including Fee Income from tests performed, Montana State General Funds, Montana State Special Revenue (livestock head tax), and Federal Grant funds. Fee Income of approximately 50% is typical for State-run diagnostic test laboratories.

Although a substantial portion of MVDL's budget is supplied by fee income, the ongoing support of the State of Montana, the livestock industry, and the National Animal Health Network (NAHLN) allow the laboratory to better fulfill our mission and serve the State of Montana.

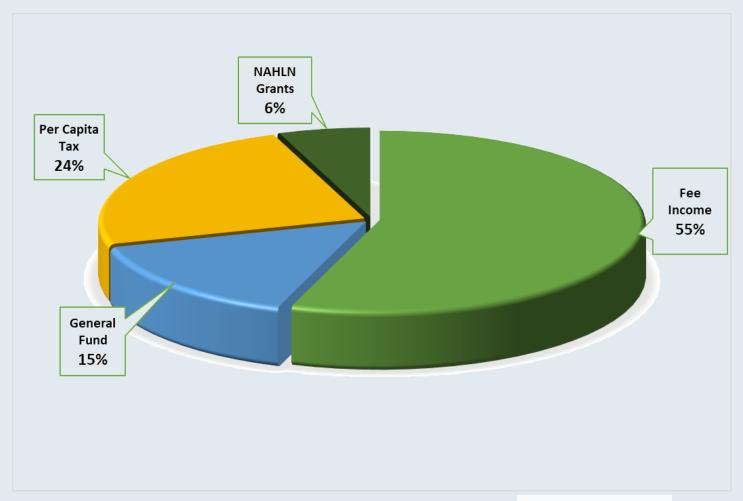


Fig. 5—Budget categories

2018 Fiscal Year

| Fee Income | \$1,178,575 |
|----------------|-------------|
| General Fund | \$320,192 |
| Per Capita Tax | \$509,284 |
| NAHLN Grants | \$120,693 |

NAHLN

MVDL is a member of the National Animal Health Laboratory Network (NAHLN). The NAHLN supports U.S. animal agriculture by developing and increasing the capabilities and capacities of a national veterinary diagnostic laboratory network to support early detection, rapid response, and appropriate recovery from high-consequence animal diseases. It is a nationally coordinated network and partnership of Federal, State, and university-associated animal health laboratories. NAHLN veterinary diagnostic laboratories provide animal health diagnostic testing to detect biological threats to the nation's food animals, thus protecting animal health, public health, and the nation's food supply. The MVDL has the capacity to perform NAHLN testing for seven different high impact animal diseases.

These include:

- Foot and Mouth Disease
- Classical Swine Fever
- Vesicular Stomatitis
- Avian Influenza (IAV-A)

- ♦ Swine Influenza (IAV-S)
- Pseudorabies
- Newcastle Disease (Avian Paramyxovirus)

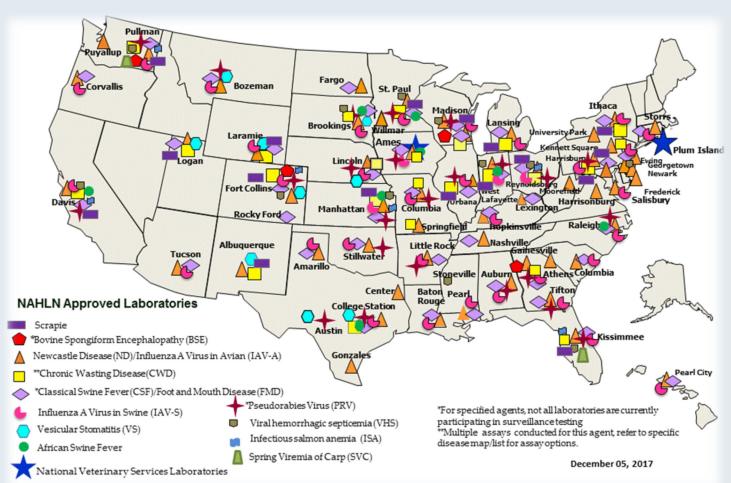


Fig. 6—NAHLN map (USDA)

A C C E S S I O N A N D T E S T I N G D E M O G R A P H I C S

An accession is a specimen or group of specimens from either a single animal or a herd, belonging to one owner, from a single submitter. Accessions are sometimes referred to as cases. Multiple individual tests may be performed on a single accession or specimen.

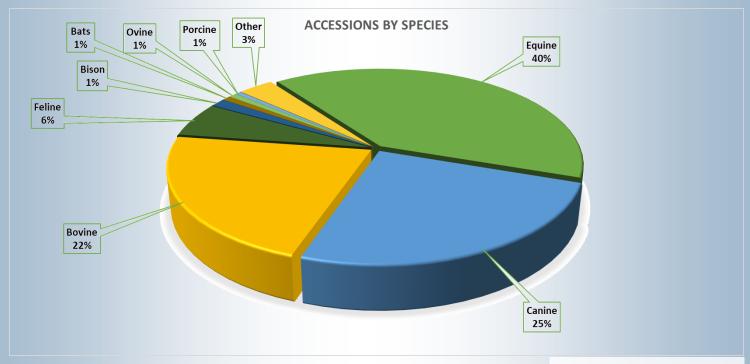


Fig. 7—Accessions by Species

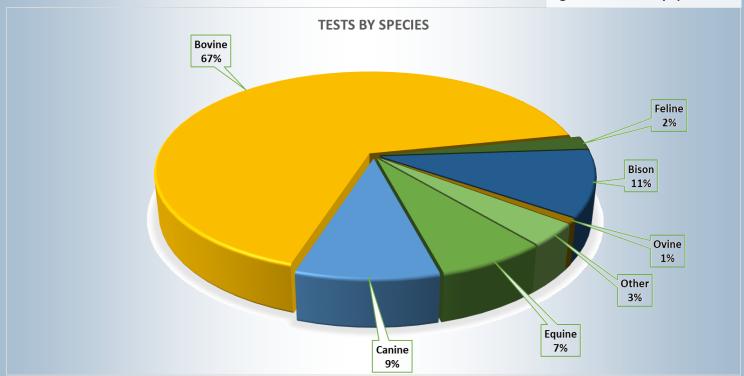


Fig. 8—Tests by Species

ACCESSION AND TESTING DEMOGRAPHICS

Total Accession and Test Data:

| Species | Accessions | Tests |
|----------|------------|---------|
| Equine | 8,262 | 13,595 |
| Canine | 5,124 | 17,794 |
| Bovine | 4,521 | 130,651 |
| Feline | 1,211 | 4,132 |
| Other | 767 | 7,765 |
| Wildlife | 311 | 2,202 |
| Bison | 285 | 20,765 |
| Ovine | 152 | 1,512 |
| Porcine | 112 | 660 |
| Caprine | 79 | 543 |
| Total | 20,824 | 199,619 |

Total Referrals Sent to Other Laboratories: 966

Historical Accession and Testing Data:

With our recent change in Laboratory Information Management (LIM) Systems, we have changed our methodology for counting some individual tests, so historical test data is not yet relevant, though accession data can be compared to previous years. NOTE: Accession data for FY 2016 is based on an eleven-month period, due to our transition to the new LIMS.

| | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|-------------------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Total Accessions | 20, 824 | 21,923 | 20,366 | 23,585 | 19,521 |

RABIES SUMMARY

One very important public health function of the MVDL is rabies testing within the State of Montana. During Fiscal Year 2017, all positive rabies tests were in bats. The majority of rabies testing in bats and identification of positive samples occurs during warmer months, when bats are more active.

| Species | Positive | Negative | Unsuitable | Total |
|-------------------|--------------|----------|---------------|-------|
| Bat | 11 | 133 | 18 | 162 |
| Badger | | | 1 | 1 |
| Rodent | | 1 | | 1 |
| White-tailed deer | | 1 | | 1 |
| Equine | | 12 | 1 | 13 |
| Canine | | 120 | | 120 |
| Feline | | 112 | 3 | 115 |
| Caprine | | 2 | | 2 |
| Coyote | | 8 | | 8 |
| Raccoon | 60 | 23 | | 23 |
| Skunk | 1000 | 20 | 3 | 23 |
| Bobcat | 1000 | 1 | | 1 |
| Fox | 7 | 2 | | 2 |
| Porcine | | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Bovine | | 18 | | 18 |
| Wolf | 6665 | 1 | | 1 |
| Mouse | 4 | 1 | | 1 |
| Squirrel | | 3 | A WATER STATE | 3 |
| Rabbit | See US VALUE | 1 | | 1 |
| Total | 11 | 460 | 27 | 499 |

BRUCELLA SUMMARY

Several of our highest volume tests are for Brucella abortus, and these also serve our public health mission. The following table represents the five highest volume Brucella tests performed by the MVDL.

| Tests by Month | RAP | BAPA | CF | FPA | Card |
|----------------|--------|------|-----|-------|------|
| July | 1,633 | 388 | 58 | 42 | 12 |
| August | 1,612 | 373 | 160 | 711 | 135 |
| September | 4,894 | 457 | 160 | 1,069 | 154 |
| October | 22,662 | 312 | 228 | 1,002 | 69 |
| November | 21,900 | 451 | 48 | 1,814 | 109 |
| December | 10,615 | 245 | 139 | 1,018 | 39 |
| January | 7,181 | 387 | 174 | 1,304 | 106 |
| February | 1,355 | 360 | 86 | 1,750 | 10 |
| March | 2,253 | 490 | 196 | 781 | 50 |
| April | 1,779 | 740 | 236 | 774 | 92 |
| May | 3,337 | 281 | 95 | 77 | 3 |
| June | 1,697 | 375 | 94 | 85 | 11 |

RAP: Rapid Automated Presumptive Test BAPA: Buffered Acidified Plate Antigen Test

CF: Complement-Fixation Test FPA: Fluorescent Polarization Assay

Card: Standard Card Test

PROFICIENCY TESTING

MVDL performs routine proficiency testing as a means of maintaining compliance with applicable regulations and as a means of assuring the integrity of its testing methods and personnel. The following table summarizes the proficiency tests completed in FY2018.

| FY2018 MVDL Proficiency Testing Participation | Section |
|--|-----------------------|
| Heartworm Serology | Clinical Microbiology |
| Inter-Laboratory Microbiology Quality Assurance Survey | Clinical Microbiology |
| Microbiology Quality Assurance | Clinical Microbiology |
| NVSL/NPIP Salmonella Group D Isolation | Clinical Microbiology |
| Chemistry Panel | Clinical Pathology |
| Endocrine Panel | Clinical Pathology |
| Hematology Panel | Clinical Pathology |
| Urinalysis Panel | Clinical Pathology |
| Urinalysis Identification | Clinical Pathology |
| Anaplasmosis Serology | Clinical Serology |
| Avian Influenza AGID/ELISA | Clinical Serology |
| Bluetongue Virus | Clinical Serology |
| Brucella ovis Serology | Clinical Serology |
| Brucellosis Serology | Clinical Serology |
| Equine Infectious Anemia AGID | Clinical Serology |
| Equine Infectious Anemia ELISA | Clinical Serology |
| Johnes Serology | Clinical Serology |
| Vesicular Stomatitis Complement Fixation | Clinical Serology |
| Bovine Leukosis Virus | Clinical Virology |
| Rabies DFA | Clinical Virology |
| Messaging | Laboratory |
| Avian Influenza (AIV, NDV, SIV) Real Time RT-PCR | Molecular Diagnostics |
| Avian Paramyxovirus-1 Real Time RT-PCR | Molecular Diagnostics |
| Classical Swine Fever Virus rRT PCR | Molecular Diagnostics |
| Foot & Mouth Disease Virus rRT PCR | Molecular Diagnostics |
| Influenza A Virus (Swine) Real Time RT-PCR | Molecular Diagnostics |
| NVSL/NPIP Salmonella Group D Isolation | Molecular Diagnostics |
| Vesicular Stomatitis rRT-PCR | Molecular Diagnostics |



Fig. 11—AAVLD logo (AAVLD)



Fig. 12—VLA logo (VLA)

TEST DATA — SEROLOGY

MVDL provides a comprehensive suite of serology test methods, the bulk of which serve to support the Brucellosis surveillance program managed by the Animal Health Bureau of the DOL and screening for Equine Infectious Anemia. The following table details the number of individual tests conducted in FY2018 by test type.

| Test Type | FY17 | FY18 |
|--|---------|---------|
| B. abortus RAP | 78,678 | 81,057 |
| B. abortus FPA | 8,043 | 10,184 |
| EIA AGID (total) | 6,098 | 6,282 |
| B. abortus BAPA | 4,474 | 4,970 |
| EIA ELISA (total) | 1,278 | 1,922 |
| Brucella abortus/suis - CF | 1,840 | 1,667 |
| M. avium paratuberculosis ELISA | 1,823 | 1,612 |
| Bluetongue ELISA | 1,333 | 1,069 |
| EHD AGID | 1,324 | 1,016 |
| Anaplasma cELISA | 959 | 939 |
| B. abortus Card | 888 | 788 |
| B. ovis ELISA | 938 | 723 |
| B. abortus SPT (1:50) | 579 | 393 |
| B. abortus STT (1:50) | 361 | 242 |
| CAE/OPP cELISA | 385 | 182 |
| B. canis RSAT | 113 | 78 |
| B. canis 2ME-RSAT | 4 | 17 |
| B. abortus Rivanol | 12 | 13 |
| Salmonella Pullorum | 60 | 5 |
| B. abortus STT (1:25) | 51 | 3 |
| Avian Influenza AGID | 21 | 2 |
| B. abortus SPT (1:25) | 5 | |
| Bluetongue ELISA Retest | 6 | |
| M. avium paratuberculosis ELISA Retest | 3 | |
| Total | 109,276 | 113,164 |

TEST DATA — VIROLOGY

| Test Type | FY17 | FY18 |
|--|-------|-------|
| Bovine Viral Diarrhea ELISA | 1,846 | 2,043 |
| Leptospira (5 Routine Serovars) | 1,474 | 1,326 |
| Bovine Leukemia Virus ELISA | 1,010 | 1,025 |
| Infectious Bovine Rhinotracheitis SN | 807 | 771 |
| Bovine Virus Diarrhea Type 1 SN | 874 | 745 |
| Bovine Virus Diarrhea Type 2 SN | 874 | 745 |
| Rabies - Small Animal | 456 | 461 |
| Bovine Respiratory Syncytial Virus SN | 415 | 315 |
| Pseudorabies ELISA | 196 | 184 |
| Parainfluenza-3 HI | 442 | 161 |
| FeLV/FIV Combo Rapid Immunoassay (SNAP) | 155 | 116 |
| Leptospira (7 Routine Serovars) | 174 | 112 |
| Bovine Leukemia Virus AGID | 90 | 92 |
| Feline Infectious Peritonitis ELISA | 55 | 56 |
| Vesicular Stomatitis (Ind) | 25 | 54 |
| Vesicular Stomatitis (NJ) | 25 | 54 |
| Bovine Viral Diarrhea - Virus Isolation | 59 | 49 |
| Large Animal Rabies | 30 | 38 |
| Canine Distemper Virus FA | 12 | 31 |
| West Nile Virus IgM ELISA | 15 | 31 |
| Leptospira FA | 23 | 19 |
| FeLV Rapid Immunoassay (SNAP) | 3 | 18 |
| Canine Parvovirus Rapid Immunoassay (SNAP) | 10 | 8 |
| Rabies Carcass Disposal | 25 | 29 |
| Canine Parvovirus FA | | 2 |
| Bovine Respiratory Syncytial Virus FA | 1 | |
| Feline Panleukopenia Virus FA | 1 | |
| Leptospira Bratislava MAT | 1 | |
| Leptospira Canicola MAT | 1 | |
| Leptospira Pomona MAT | 1 | |
| Bovine Rotavirus ELISA | 53 | |
| Total | 9,153 | 8,485 |

TEST DATA — MICROBIOLOGY

| Test Type | FY17 | FY18 |
|--|-------|-------|
| Campylobacter Culture | 3,023 | 2,366 |
| Aerobic Culture | 2,027 | 2,038 |
| Tritrichomonas foetus Culture | 2,562 | 2,024 |
| Fecal Flotation | 741 | 766 |
| Mycoplasma Culture | 302 | 368 |
| Gram Stain | 430 | 348 |
| Salmonella Culture | 352 | 337 |
| Salmonella Enteritidis Culture | 304 | 276 |
| Small Animal Enteric Sensitivity | 233 | 232 |
| Small Animal Staph Sensitivity | 228 | 220 |
| Brucella Culture | 214 | 177 |
| Cryptosporidia | 150 | 171 |
| Additional Isolate - Aerobic | 207 | 150 |
| Heartworm ELISA | 114 | 130 |
| Abortion panel | 100 | 92 |
| Giardia antigen ELISA | 71 | 81 |
| Small Animal Enterococcus Sensitivity | 87 | 80 |
| Small Animal Beta-Strep Sensitivity | 99 | 69 |
| Bovine Respiratory Disease Sensitivity | 45 | 56 |
| Equine Beta Strep Sensitivity | 63 | 53 |
| Dermatophyte/PAS | 55 | 29 |
| Small Animal Pseudomonas Sensitivity | 35 | 28 |
| Equine Enteric Sensitivity | 28 | 21 |
| Small Animal Pasteurella Sensitivity | 19 | 21 |
| Small Animal Alpha-Strep Sensitivity | 18 | 17 |
| Equine Staph Sensitivity | 26 | 16 |
| Mastitis Staph Sensitivity | 14 | 12 |
| Equine Enterococcus Sensitivity | 8 | 11 |
| Fungal, non-dermatophyte | 15 | 11 |
| Ecto-parasite Exam | 19 | 10 |
| Occult Blood Test | 11 | 9 |
| Anaerobic Culture | 19 | 8 |
| Small Animal Sensitivity | 11 | 8 |
| Bovine Enteric Sensitivity | 14 | 7 |

TEST DATA — MICROBIOLOGY (CONTINUED)

| Test Type | FY17 | FY18 |
|--|--------|--------|
| Bovine Staphylococcus Sensitivity | 13 | 7 |
| Bovine Salmonella Sensitivity | 10 | 6 |
| Endoparasite ID | 8 | 6 |
| Equine Pseudomonas Sensitivity | 4 | 6 |
| Equine Abortion Panel | 3 | 5 |
| Anthrax Lateral-Flow Test | 3 | 5 |
| Equine Alpha Strep Sensitivity | 5 | 5 |
| Liver Fluke Sedimentation | 42 | 5 |
| Heartworm Filtration | 3 | 4 |
| Bovine Enterococcus Sensitivity | 2 | 3 |
| Coccidia Smear | 2 | 3 |
| Equine Pasteurella Sensitivity | 6 | 3 |
| Mastitis Enteric Sensitivity | 8 | 3 |
| Trichinella - Pepsin Degradation | 5 | 3 |
| Bovine Alpha Strep Sensitivity | 2 | 2 |
| Mastitis Alpha Strep Sensitivity | | 2 |
| Acid Fast Exam | 5 | 1 |
| Bovine Beta Strep Sensitivity | | 1 |
| Direct Microscopic Exam | | 1 |
| Dirofilaria immitis | | 1 |
| Listeria Culture | | 1 |
| Maceration-Flotation | | 1 |
| Small Animal Acinetobacter Sensitivity | 3 | 1 |
| Small Animal Salmonella Sensitivity | 1 | 1 |
| Additonal Isolate - Anaerobic | 2 | |
| Coliform Count | 4 | |
| Electronic Somatic Cell Count | 3 | |
| Mastitis Pasteurella Sensitivity | 2 | |
| Total | 11,780 | 10,318 |

TEST DATA — MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTICS (PCR)

| Test Type | FY17 | FY18 |
|--|-------|-------|
| Tritrichomonas foetus Individual PCR | 3,006 | 2,910 |
| Tritrichomonas foetus Pooled PCR | 1,423 | 1,409 |
| Salmonella Enteritidis PCR Screen | 592 | 698 |
| M. avium paratuberculosis PCR | 251 | 434 |
| Bovine Rotavirus/Coronavirus Multiplex PCR | 178 | 162 |
| BVD Pooled PCR | 97 | 121 |
| E. coli K99 PCR | 35 | 37 |
| BVD Individual PCR | 86 | 35 |
| Avian Influenza Matrix PCR | 56 | 17 |
| Avian Paramyxovirus (Matrix) PCR | 7 | 3 |
| Bovine Coronavirus PCR | 9 | 1 |
| IBR PCR | 15 | |
| Swine Influenza PCR | 3 | |
| Total | 5,758 | 5,827 |



TEST DATA — CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

| Test Type | FY17 | FY18 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Small Animal CBC/Differential | 1,520 | 1,249 |
| Canine Small Animal Panel | 1,297 | 1,000 |
| Canine Clinical Profile | 863 | 677 |
| Urinalysis | 461 | 454 |
| Large Animal CBC/Differential | 361 | 375 |
| Large Animal Chemistry Panel | 398 | 365 |
| Canine Thyroid Panel | 454 | 360 |
| Total T4 | 371 | 308 |
| Feline Small Animal Panel | 374 | 295 |
| Large Animal Profile | 275 | 293 |
| Urinalysis with Culture/Sensitivity | 252 | 282 |
| ACTH Stimulation | 302 | 277 |
| Dexamethasone Suppression | 208 | 264 |
| Total T4 | 375 | 256 |
| Cortisol | 158 | 164 |
| Phenobarbital | 199 | 143 |
| Feline Small Animial Clinical Profile | 167 | 137 |
| Thyroid panel | 157 | 87 |
| Free T4 | 100 | 83 |
| Bile Acid | 75 | 77 |
| Nitrate (Semi-quantitative) | 73 | 76 |
| Clin Path comment | 74 | 70 |
| Feline Infectious Anemia | 109 | 67 |
| Feline Profile | 105 | 67 |
| Small Animal Hepatic Panel | 64 | 62 |
| Small Aanimal Pre-Anesthetic Panel | 56 | 55 |
| Small Animal Pre-Anesthetic Profile | 51 | 53 |
| Fluid analysis | 51 | 49 |
| PLI | 68 | 48 |
| Canine Health Screen | 67 | 43 |
| Small Animal Renal Panel | 23 | 26 |
| тѕн | 32 | 24 |
| Ck | 14 | 20 |
| AST | 28 | 19 |
| Prothrombin Time | 28 | 14 |
| Electrolytes | 7 | 13 |

TEST DATA — CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

| Test Type | FY17 | FY18 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Feline Health Screen | 12 | 13 |
| Activated Partial Thromboplastin Time | 27 | 12 |
| Feline Geriatric Panel | 17 | 12 |
| Fibrinogen (Heat Precipitated) | 5 | 11 |
| Calcium | 6 | 9 |
| Coombs | 15 | 9 |
| Large Animal Health Screen | 6 | 9 |
| Albumin | 7 | 8 |
| Blood Count | 13 | 7 |
| ALP | 14 | 6 |
| Glucose | 2 | 6 |
| Magnesium | 4 | 5 |
| BUN | 11 | 4 |
| Reticulocytes | 1 | 4 |
| Total Bilirubin | 3 | 4 |
| Total T3 | 1 | 4 |
| Creatinine | 13 | 3 |
| Hemotropic Parasite Screen | | 3 |
| Amylase | 15 | 2 |
| Canine Endocrine Panel | 4 | 2 |
| Equine Fitness Profile | 6 | 2 |
| Gamma-glutamyl Transferase | 7 | 2 |
| Total Protein | 3 | 2 |
| ALT | 15 | 1 |
| CSF analysis | | 1 |
| Direct Bilirubin | | 1 |
| Expanded Electrolytes Panel | 10 | 1 |
| Feline Anemia Panel | 3 | 1 |
| Globulin | 1 | 1 |
| Potassium | 1 | 1 |
| Cholesterol | 2 | |
| Coagulation Panel | 10 | |
| Creatine Kinase | 11 | |
| Phosphorous | 7 | |
| Sodium | 1 | |
| тсо2 | 1 | |
| Total | 9,471 | 7,998 |

TEST DATA — HISTOLOGY

| Test Type | FY17 | FY18 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Hematoxylin & Eosin | 2,807 | 2,592 |
| Slide Processing (number of slides) | 240 | 303 |
| Gram (Brown & Brenn) | 126 | 161 |
| CWD Tissue Processing | 113 | 134 |
| PAS | 129 | 110 |
| Phloxine B Eosin | 56 | 76 |
| Toluidine blue | 79 | 63 |
| Giemsa | 47 | 34 |
| Acid Fast (Ziehl Neelsen) | 57 | 30 |
| GMS | 40 | 25 |
| Warthin-Starry | 47 | 24 |
| Melanin Bleach | 37 | 23 |
| Decalcification | 24 | 21 |
| Slide Processing (hours) | 16 | 18 |
| CD-3 IHC | 18 | 15 |
| CD-79a IHC | 19 | 15 |
| Histology processing comment | 10 | 14 |
| Acid Fast (Fite's) | 7 | 9 |
| BVD IHC | 7 | 9 |
| Purl's Prussian blue | 3 | 8 |
| Canine Coronavirus IHC | 4 | 7 |
| Melan-A IHC | 17 | 7 |
| West Nile Virus IHC | 0 | 7 |
| IBR IHC | 5 | 6 |
| Cytokeratin IHC | 11 | 5 |
| Duplicate Hematoxylin & Eosin | 4 | 5 |
| Masson's Trichrome | 14 | 5 |
| MUM-1 IHC | 8 | 5 |
| Congo Red | 5 | 3 |
| MAC-387 IHC | 9 | 3 |
| Toxoplasma IHC | | 3 |
| Alcian Blue pH 2.5 | | 2 |
| CDV IHC | 8 | 2 |
| Chlamydia IHC | | 2 |
| Factor VIII IHC | 7 | 2 |

TEST DATA — HISTOLOGY

| Gram (Brown & Hopps) | 33 | 2 |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------|
| Mast Cell Tryptase IHC | 1 | 2 |
| Mucicarmine | 2 | 2 |
| Alcian Blue pH 1.0 | | 1 |
| BCV IHC | 6 | 1 |
| BRSV IHC | 2 | 1 |
| e-Cadherin IHC | 7 | 1 |
| Fontana Masson | 2 | 1 |
| Gimenez | | 1 |
| Jone's Basement Membrane | | 1 |
| Lambda light chain IHC | 2 | 1 |
| Oil Red O | 1 | 1 |
| Rhodanine | 1 | 1 |
| S100 IHC | | 1 |
| Turnbull blue | | 1 |
| Vimentin IHC | 11 | 1 |
| Von Kossa | 2 | 1 |
| Additional per slide | 4 | |
| Alcian Blue PAS Hematoxylin | 1 | |
| Brucella IHC | 1 | |
| CD-117 IHC | 1 | |
| CD-18 IHC | 1 | |
| Desmin IHC | 4 | |
| EHV IHC | 1 | |
| Macchiavello | 3 | |
| Steiner & Chapman | 6 | |
| Total | 4,066 | 3,768 |

SERVICE FEES—PATHOLOGY

| Service | FY17 | FY18 |
|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Carcass Disposal (lbs) | 27,636 | 28,432 |
| Case Summary | 3,328 | 3,032 |
| Histopathology 1-3 slides | 2,469 | 2,283 |
| Additional Information | 438 | 501 |
| Cytology | 398 | 313 |
| Histopathology 4-6 slides | 165 | 139 |
| Ruminant Diarrhea Panel (6-21d) | 85 | 96 |
| Necropsy Small Animal | 47 | 46 |
| Fetal Necropsy | 49 | 41 |
| Histopathology 7-10 slides | 52 | 37 |
| Necropsy Other Species | 27 | 33 |
| Ruminant Diarrhea Panel (1-5d) | 26 | 22 |
| Necropsy Large Animal >500# | 16 | 19 |
| Necropsy Large Animal <150# | 14 | 15 |
| Necropsy Large Animal <500# | 10 | 15 |
| Histopathology >10 slides | 21 | 11 |
| Diarrhea Panel (>31d) | 7 | 10 |
| Ruminant Diarrhea Panel (<30d) | 17 | 9 |
| Necropsy Small Ruminant >20# | 7 | 5 |
| Necropsy Small Ruminant <20# | 4 | 4 |
| Insurance/Legal case hourly fee | | 3 |
| Remains Return/Transfer | | 3 |
| Necropsy Swine <250# | | 1 |
| Equine Diarrhea Panel (6-21d) | | 1 |
| Equine/Porcine Diarrhea Panel (1-5d) | 2 | 1 |
| Necropsy Swine <25# | 3 | |
| Porcine Diarrhea Panel (6-30d) | 1 | |
| Total | 34,822 | 35,072 |

Closing Remarks

In FY2018, the MVDL processed 20,824 accessions representing a total of 199,619 individual diagnostic tests. Relative to FY2017, these totals represent a 5% decrease in the total number of accessions and a 5.4% increase in the total number of diagnostic tests.

As we move forward into fiscal year 2019, I sincerely believe that the MVDL is on the threshold of amazing growth and improvement. We have a streamlined organizational structure that will provide for expertise we've never had before, we have multiple new tests and panels in development, and we excitedly look forward to bringing new staff members on board and rolling out significant improvements in client service and accessibility.

Over the past year, the MVDL has been actively participating in a legislative laboratory study project and working with design consultants to complete the necessary programming and cost analysis steps for a new building project. This will address all of our current needs, and also pave the way for future growth and development.

As was also the case last year, much change is on the horizon, but we are excited about the potential that it brings. We will continue to do all that we can to provide the best possible veterinary diagnostic services to the State of Montana.

Once again, thank you for granting us the opportunity to serve you!

Sincerely,

Steve Smith, DVM, DACVP

Interim Director and Veterinary Pathologist

Montana Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory



Montana Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory
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